The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,541.

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH, MONDAY, MARCH 30. 1789.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

Second Night of Mr KING's Engagement.

On WEDNESDAY next, April 1. 1789, will be presented, A COMEDY called, The

BUSY BODY.

Marplot, by Mr KING;
Sir George Airy, Mr WILLIAMSON;
And Sir Francis Gripe, Mr MOSS.
Isabinda, Mrs WOODS;
And Miranda, Mrs BARRESFORD.

To which will be added, the last new FARCE of

ANIMAL MAGNETISM.

Doctor, Mr WILSON;
And the Marquis de Lancy, Mr WOODS.
Constance, Mrs W.-WELLS;
And Lissetta, Mrs BARRESFORD.

☞ Mr KING made his first appearance on Saturday evening, in the character of *Lord Ogleby*, and was received throughout with the most unbounded marks of applause.—His third appearance will be on Thursday next.

TICKETS to be had of Mr Gibb, at the Office of the Theatre, where places for the Boxes may be taken.

SHERIDAN's DICTIONARY.

A New Edition enlarged,

With the Author's last Corrections and Improvements;

In thirty-two weekly numbers (price 6d. each) making one handsome volume in quarto; with a portrait of the Author from a striking Likeness, which will, it is expected, be ready for Subscribers by the time the volume is completed.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By C. Dilly, London, & P. Hill, Parliament Square,

By whom the Booksellers in Scotland may be supplied with the numbers as they are published,

NUMBER I. (Price 6d.) of

A COMPLETE

Dictionary of the English Language,

Both with regard to Sound and Meaning.

That part which relates to Sound or Pronunciation by THOMAS SHERIDAN, A. M.

In the Explanatory Part, or what regards the Meaning of Words, Dr JOHNSON has been chiefly followed, but with many emendations.

†,† This Dictionary has been above entitled *complete*, as being the only one hitherto offered to the world which comprehends the Whole of Language in its two component parts, Ortheopy and Orthography; the former as delivered to the ear by the organs of speech, the latter as submitted to the eye by the pen.

☞ Eighteen Numbers of this work are ready to be delivered.

P. Hill has just got to hand,

A good collection of Atlasses, Maps, Globes, and Sea Charts.

A quantity of Real India Papers, for painting tables, teachests, &c. the present fashionable employment of the Ladies in London.

Writing Vellum, Parchment, Wire-wove Drawing Papers, Philigree, Stained and Marble Papers, &c.

This day is published,

By BELL and BRADFUTE and JAMES DICKSON,

In one large volume 8vo, price 7 s. 6 d. half bound,

ΑΝΑΛΕΚΤΑ ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΑ;

SIVE

COLLECTANEA GRÆCA;

AD USUM

ACADEMICÆ JUVENTUTIS.

ACCOMMODATA.

Tom I.

Complectens excerpta ex variis Orationis Solutæ Scriptoribus.

CUM

Notis Philologicis; quas partim collegit, partim scripsit *ANDREAS DALZEL*, A. M.

In Academia Jacobi Regis quæ Edinburgi est Litt. Gr. Prof. Et ibidem Societatis Regiæ Sodalis.

Editio secunda emendatior.

Where also may be had,

In one volume small octavo, price 4 s. 6 d. bound,

ΑΝΑΛΕΚΤΑ ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΑ ΗΣΣΟΝΑ;

SIVE

COLLECTANEA GRÆCA MINORA.

Cum Notis Philologicis, atque parvo Lexico: ad usum Tirenum accommodata.

TO THE

Freeholders of the County of Perth.

GENTLEMEN,

IT having been proposed to me by many of my Friends, some of whom are of the first respectability and property in Perthshire, to offer myself to represent the County at the next General Election; I take the liberty of soliciting the honour of your votes and interests; and if I am so fortunate as to be elected, the same independent principles, which have hitherto governed my conduct in Parliament, shall still direct me in the public claim of my country, and the particular interest of the County of Perth:—And I will take the first opportunity of paying my personal respects to you.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient and
Very humble servant,

LONDON, *March* 7. 1789. } JOHN DRUMMOND.

P. S. Mr DRUMMOND having, since the above date, wrote to the whole Freeholders in the County, this address has been continued, least any of his letters may have been mis-sent.

Grass Parks for Cutting or Pasture.

TO be let by public roup, at Drummelzier, on Wednesday 22d April 1789, at 10 o'clock forenoon, the whole GRASS in Drummelzier haugh, lying on Tweedside, six miles above Peebles, consisting of about 200 acres, divided into 15 inclosures of different sizes, from 6 acres to near 30 acres each, all well inclosed, watered, and sheltered, and that either for pasture or cutting, as may be agreed upon at the roup, being the second year's grass after being sown up.

Peter Paterson, hedger at Drummelzier, will show the grounds.

SALE OF HOUSES IN CRAIL.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of Daniel Connolly, vintner in Crail, on Monday the 25th day of May next, between the hours of twelve and one o'clock,

A HOUSE and GARDENS lying in the town of Crail, as presently possessed by William Chiene, shipmaster there; as also some small Houses lying in the town of Crail.

For particulas enquire at George Robb, writer in Anstruther, or Robert Playfair, writer in Edinburgh, with whom the title deeds and articles of sale may be seen.

To be Published by Subscription,

A NEW LITERAL TRANSLATION

OF

All the Apostolical Epistles,

WITH A COMMENTARY AND NOTES.

BY J. MACKNIGHT, D.D.

And Author of a Harmony of the Gospels, &c.

CONDITIONS.

I. This work will be comprised in three volumes quarto, of about 600 pages each, printed with a new letter, on a fine demy paper. Price to Subscribers One Guinea each volume, to be paid on delivery of the volumes in boards.

II. The author having been solicited to print the common English translation, together with the Greek text, in columns opposite to the New Version, he proposes to publish an edition of the work in that form likewise, that the learned, without trouble, may compare the two translations with the original. This edition will consist of four volumes quarto, of about 600 pages each. Price to Subscribers One Guinea a volume, in boards.

III. The great expence of printing these editions, making a subscription necessary, such as are willing to promote this work, are requested to signify their intention in a letter, directed to the author in Edinburgh, mentioning the edition for which they subscribe, with their designations and places of abode.

IV. The author's object in these publications, being not gain, but the promoting of the knowledge of the scriptures, both editions will be put to press, immediately after as many subscriptions are obtained as will nearly defray the charges of publication. It is therefore requested of those who intend to subscribe, that they do it soon, as it is resolved to print only a few copies more than are subscribed.

V. Though neither edition will be published till all the volumes are finished, any subscriber who chuses it may have each volume separately, as soon as it is printed.

VI. The Subscribers, who have purchased the two Epistles already published, may return that publication to the author, who will deduct the full price thereof, viz. 7s. 6d. at paying for either edition of this work to which they have subscribed.

Upon Thursday, Friday, and Saturday next, will be sold by Auction, at Martin's New Auction Room, Old Bank Close, Lawn-market,

A Valuable Collection of BOOKS, among which are many scarce articles in History, Divinity, Law, Physick, &c.

Catalogues will be ready to be delivered at the place of sale, and at Mr Martin's shop, on Wednesday morning.

Time of sale from six to ten each night.

Household Furniture, Silver Plate, and China.

TO be exposed by public auction, upon Thursday the 2d day of April 1789, in that lodging, opposite Charles Street, the whole Household Furniture, which belonged to the late Mr George Maclean, consisting of Mounted Mahogany Beds, Down and Feather Beds, Blankets, Carpets, Desks, and Drawers, Chairs and Tables, handsome Mirrors, a good assortment of Silver Plate and China, Kitchen Furniture, an excellent Jack, &c. &c.

Sale to begin at ten o'clock forenoon.

To be SOLD or LET,

A HOUSE in Nicolson's Street, No. 14. opposite to the Riding Academy, consisting of dining room, drawing room, and four bed-rooms, housekeeper's room, kitchen, and three garrets.—Also a back Area, with cellars and house for poultry,—a pump-well, and right to the green in Nicolson's Square.

For particulars, apply to Mr Bruce of Arnot, the proprietor, or Mr Stewart, writer, Tailors Hall, Cowgate.

Not to be repeated.

ST JOHN STREET.

TO be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next, that large and commodious HOUSE in St John Street, presently possessed by Mr Trotter of Mortonhall, fit for the accommodation of a large family.

To be seen Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday from twelve to three o'clock.

Apply to Mr Graeme clerk to the signet, Nicolson Square.

To be SOLD, and entered to at Whitsunday.

A Large and elegant HOUSE in the west of George Street, consisting of three and four rooms on a floor, with double coach-house, stable, laundry, coachman's room, harness room, &c. &c. in the detached offices.

On the first floor are lobby, eating room, back parlour, closet, and butler's pantry:—on the second, small antiroom, drawing room, second room or bed chamber, and dressing room; above stairs, large nursery and closets, family bed chambers, with dressing room, and all conveniencies; and another small bed room and closets:—in the garret floor, independent of servants apartments, is a large room with a Venetian window, commanding a most beautiful view of the coast, which many families might prefer for a nursery:—on the ground floor, large kitchen and pantries, house keeper's room, store room, and servants hall.

The principal rooms are upwards of 30 feet by 21. The stair and passages are all of stone.

Apply to Robert Trotter, Esq; writer to the signet.

ANY who have Claims on the estate of the late Mr ROBERT PARK of Dullatur, Minister of Old Monkland, are desired, without loss of time, to give in distinct notes thereof to Captain John Stuart, No. 39. Hanover Street, Edinburgh, or Thomas and Robert Grahame writers in Glasgow.

A House and Farm in the County of Fife.

To be LET for nineteen years from Martinmas next,

THE MANSION-HOUSE, Garden, and Offices of NEWBIGGING, with the adjacent Inclosures, as presently possessed by Captain David Boog. Newbigging is most beautifully situated, about a mile north-west of Burntisland.—The house consists of nine rooms and a kitchen;—the offices are suitable, and the gardens and inclosures consist of about sixty acres.

Captain Boog will show the premisses, and offers may be lodged with William Lumsdaine, clerk to the signet, and such offers as are not accepted of shall be concealed, if desired.

MILNS TO LET.

THE MILNS and MILN-LANDS of KINNEIL, including Tods Miln, as possessed by the late George Tod, and now by his son, with the Multures of the barony of Kinneil, and Town of Borrowstounness, lying in the parish of Borrowstounness, and shire of Linlithgow, are to be Let, and entered to at Martinmas next.

Apply to James Ferrier, writer to the signet.

For San Lucar and Cadiz,

THE PEGGY,

GEORGE SKIRVEN Master,

Will sail the 10th April, and returns to Leith.

For freight, apply to Walker, Thomson and Company, Edinburgh, or to the Master, Leith.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, EDINBURGH, MARCH 25. 1789.

As it belongs to my department to attend to matters relating to the University of Edinburgh, I have carefully considered the following plan, and highly approve of the same.

WILLIAM CREECH, C. B.

TO THE PUBLIC.

A Gentleman, who received his Education in the UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH, desirous to effect a purpose of General Utility, and at the same time to erect a Monument of Gratitude to that Society, means to endow

A NEW PROFESSORSHIP,

AS FOLLOWS:—

I. A sum of money is allotted to create a perpetual salary, equal to that of the [illegible] in the University, viz. That of the Professorships of Latin and Greek, Logic and Natural Philosophy, it is hoped, at the same time, that considerable emolument will arise from the fees paid at entry by Pupils;—a source which becomes productive in proportion to the industry and ability of the Professor.

II. That the benefit of this institution may be extended to all ranks concerned, it is proposed that the minimum fee should be moderate, viz. a Guinea for the Course; trusting that Students will give more, in proportion to their means, and their sense of the importance of the object.

III. The object is, to have annually delivered at Edinburgh a Set of Instructions on the subject of AGRICULTURE, respecting the Nature of Soils and Manures—the Construction of implements of Husbandry—the best and most successful known Practices—the manner of instituting Experiments to ascertain the effect of a Practice in any given Soil or Climate—and the best manner of introducing or training Skilful Labourers and Country Artificers, where these may be wanting.

IV. It is supposed that, to qualify a person to undertake this task, he should be regularly bred to Science, or at least initiated in the Studies of MECHANICS, CHEMISTRY, BOTANY, and NATURAL HISTORY in general and acquainted with the maxims of observation and investigation in these Sciences; active also to collect Practical Informations; and of sound judgment, not to substitute Abstract Reasoning for Practical Rules, on subjects so complicated in their actual circumstances and combinations.

V. As it is thought that much attention is due, in the first instance, perhaps more than in any other, to the previous studies, the age and discretion of the Candidate, the Founder requests that such persons as may be willing to undertake this important charge, would, some time in the month of June 1789, lodge with the Secretary of the University a sketch of the plan they would propose to follow, mentioning their previous habits of study, and the opportunities of information they have had, distinguishing their paper with a secret motto, in their own hand-writing, and sealed, for the inspection of the Founder only, with whom every proposal shall remain a secret, except the person who makes it shall incline to have it published.

[illegible] will proceed to name the first Professor; or, in case there are not, in the month of June 1789 sufficient plans proposed, from which to make a choice, he will renew the advertisement for plans to be lodged in the month of June of the following year, and will defer his election till then.

VII. The patronage of this institution, after the decease of the Founder, or the choice of fit persons to fill this office on successive vacancies, is, with consent of the Magistrates and Town Council of Edinburgh (ordinary Patrons of the University), vested jointly in the three following bodies.

1st, The Judges of the Courts of Session and Exchequer.

2d, The Magistrates and Town Council of Edinburgh.

3d, The University of Edinburgh.

VIII. To facilitate the form of election, it is proposed, that the Members of each of these three bodies, at some convenient time immediately preceding an election, shall, in consequence of public advertisement, be entitled, by majority of votes, given either by voice or by letter, to name three Delegates, who, meeting in the Hall of the University, and forming a body of nine Electors, shall, by majority of those present, make the election.

IX. As questions may hereafter arise relating to the administration of this institution, the rights of election, or the coercion of Professors and Students in the discharge of their duty, it is the intention of the Founder, that all such questions, in the first instance, be judged by a Committee of the three bodies above named, and consisting of nine delegates, chosen as above, who may exercise all proper powers in such matters.

Elgin, 23d March 1789.

AT a Meeting of the Magistrates and Town Council of this Burgh and other Inhabitants, held here this day, it was

Resolved unanimously,

That an Address to his Majesty, congratulating him on his late happy recovery, be formed and transmitted to the Member of Parliament for this District of Burghs, to be presented; and the following Address being laid before the meeting, and approved of, was ordered to be transmitted by the Provost accordingly.

To the KING's most Excellent MAJESTY.

Actuated with a sense of the advantages enjoyed under your Majesty's equitable government,—we, the Provost, Magistrates, Council, and most respectable Heritors and Inhabitants, Ministers, and Deacons of the incorporated trades of the Royal Burgh of Elgin, in the county of Murray, humbly approach your Majesty's sacred person with the most profound loyalty and deepest heart-felt joy, to congratulate your Majesty on your happy recovery, an event justly considered a public blessing, and most desirable to every description of your subjects.

Permit us in the most cordial and respectful manner to express this joy which fills our hearts, and the earnest wishes which we, in common with your other subjects, ever entertain, that your Majesty may long be preserved in health, and Britain many years share in the happiness of your Majesty's wonted mildness, wisdom, and equity; in dispensing the blessings of liberty, peace, and prosperity to a loyal, a free, and grateful people.

We also express our warmest wishes for the prosperity of our gracious Queen, the Prince of Wales, and the other branches of your Majesty's Royal Family; and that your descendants may ever sway the sceptre over British free subjects.

This, our dutiful and loyal Address, is signed in our name and presence by GEO. BROWN, Provost.

N. B. The above Address was forwarded by the Provost to the Burgh Member; and on the date thereof the town was illuminated, and a general rejoicing, ringing of bells, &c. and the different Incorporations, Free Masons, and Gardeners, with their colours displayed, made a joint procession through the town.

ROBBERY OF THE MAIL.

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,

EDINBURGH, *March* 26. 1789.

THE Post Boy riding the Mail from Stirling to Falkirk was stopped last night, betwixt the hours of ten and eleven, between Stirling and Torwood, by a Man, who after wounding him on the head, pushed him from his horse, and carried off the Mail, containing the following Bags, viz.

STIRLING,
ALLOA,
KINCARDINE, and
CRIEFF.

A REWARD of FIFTY POUNDS Sterling is hereby offered to any person who will apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, the person who committed the above Robbery, to be paid at this Office upon conviction.

By order of the Postmaster General,

DAVID ROSS, Secretary.

P. S. Since the date of the above advertisement, the Post-boy has given the following description of the person who committed the Robbery:

"That he was rather a little man, had on a light coloured great coat, and a round hat slouched over his ears and face; that it was so dark he could not discover the features of his face; but he spake rather in an English accent."

BROAD CLOTHS.

THE very large STOCK of GOODS which belonged to Archibald M'Dowall, continues selling off at the shop lately possessed by him, east side of North Bridge Street.

Best superfine Cloths.
Superfine Black Cloths, double milled.
Seconds and Livery Cloths of all kinds, very stout, recommended to Nobility and Gentry for their servants.
Fine Narrow Cloths, as low as 3 s. 8 d. per yard.
Breeches and Vest Stuffs, &c.

The absolute necessity of selling these goods quickly, obliges the disposers to sell them greatly under the *manufacturer's prime cost.*

A House and Lands in Berwickshire.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday first,

THE HOUSE of PRENDERGUEST, and fifty acres of rich land. The House is new and elegant, with convenient offices, and a good garden, is within three miles of Eyemouth, and six miles of Berwick.

For further particulars enquire at Mr Robertson the proprietor, at Prendergueast House by Berwick, or Mr Cockburn, Chapel Street, Edinburgh.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ANDREW M'KEAN, Manufacturer in Glasgow.

JAMES RICHARDSON, Merchant in Glasgow, the trustee upon the sequestrated estate of the said Andrew M'Kean, hereby intimates, that he has made up a state of the bankrupt's whole effects, which are now converted into cash, and a state of the debts which have been proved and lodged with him, which states will lie open for the inspection of all concerned in the trustee's hands until the 30th of May next, being twelve months from the date of the sequestration, at the trustee's warehouse about the Cross of Glasgow, and they will then give such further directions to the trustee, as the creditors shall judge necessary.

LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Monday the 15th day of June next, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

The Lands of BRUNTSHIEL, commonly called MERKLAND; the lands of MICKLE HEILAR, and lands of AUCHENLONGFORD in Bruntshiel, lying in the parish of Sorn and shire of Ayr. The lands are presently set at 120 l. Sterling of yearly rent; and the tenants are bound to pay the whole public and parochial burdens, without allowance. They are extensive, and capable of great improvement, and they abound with coal and lime.

There are two extensive banks of natural wood on the lands, the largest one of which may be cut in a few years; and both are thriving.

The title-deeds are in the hands of Thomas Adair, clerk to the signet, who will give information as to any further particulars that purchasers may wish to know; to whom any person wishing to purchase by private bargain may apply in the mean time.

FOR LONDON,

THE DIANA,

(A New Ship)

James Ritchie Master,

Now lying in the harbour, taking in goods, and will sail the 9th April 1789.

N. B. The ship is completely fitted for sea, and has very neat accommodation for passengers, one cabin for Ladies and one for Gentlemen.

The master to be spoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, or at his house in Leith.

FOR LONDON,

The Brig JEMIMA,

DONALD DENOON Master,

Now lying in Leith harbour, taking in goods, and will sail the 9th day of April 1789.

The master to be spoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouse, mornings and evenings on board the ship, or at his house, Ratten Row, Leith.

WISBECH

WILL COVER next season at STANLEY-FARM, near Perth, at Two Guineas a Mare, and Five Shillings the groom. He is a beautiful dark brown horse, fifteen hands and a half high, of great strength, and free from all natural blemishes.

In 1780 he won a 50 l. plate at Wisbech, and the King's Plate at Nottingham, beating seven others. He has since been well known in Leicestershire as a most capital hunter.

☞ Wisbech was got by the Starah Arabian, dam by Samson, grandam by Oroonoko, great grandam by the Godolphin Arabian, and she was own sister to Lord Lonsdale's Mirza, that never was beat.

N B. The Starah Arabian was the sire of Stroick, Wentworth, Marshall, and other good runners; likewise of Mr Wyndham's Marquis, now reckoned the stoutest and best hunter in England for a high weight.

From his blood, action, and bone, Wisbech may be expected to get valuable stock, as racers, hunters, or coach horses. His foals of this year, which are the first, are promising and much esteemed in the neighbourhood of [illegible] Castle in Leicestershire.

As it is intended that he shall not cover more than [illegible] mares besides those of the owner, a subscription paper is with Mr Marshall at the King's Arms, Perth, and as soon as forty mares are subscribed for the subscription will be closed. The money to be paid before the mares are taken away, or in the month of June next, if they are not [illegible]

LLOYD's LIST.—*March* 27.

THE Royal Tar, Pearce, from Leghorn to Newfoundland, is loſt near Trepani.

Captain Creighton, of the Sally, from Charleſtown, ſpoke the Richard, Ritchie, from London to Charleſtown, 20 leagues to the eaſtward of Charleſtown, all well.

The Adventure, Strachan, from London to Shields, is loſt near Shields.

Captain Moore, of the Prince of Wales, from Botany Bay, ſpoke the Mermaid, ——, from Pool to Newfoundland, about 100 leagues weſt of Scilly; alſo in lat. 48 50. lon. 19. W. ſpoke the Simond, of Ipſwich, for Greenland, all well.

The Emilia, Shields, bound to the Southern Whale Fiſhery, put into Rio Janeiro with a trifling leake, which being ſtopped, ſhe ſailed from thence the 23d of December laſt, round Cape Horne.

The North Briton, ——, from Briſtol to London, ſtruck on the Rocks of Scilly, and is put in there much damaged.

MAILS.

Arrived—Flanders, 1.—Holland, 1.
Due—Ireland, 6.—France, 1.

PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

WEDNESDAY, *March* 25.

The Chancellor was at the Houſe ſoon after two o'clock, and immediately after prayers were over, their Lordſhips proceeded to the hearing of a CAUSE APPEAL

In which Henrietta and Janet Sinclair, and others, were appellants, and Dr Stuart Thriepland was reſpondent. The Lord Advocate of Scotland and Mr Dent were heard in behalf of the appellants; and Sir John Scott for the reſpondent, when the further hearing was adjourned to Friday next.

HASTINGS's TRIAL.

Upon motion, the further proceeding upon the trial of Warren Haſtings, Eſq; was poſtponed to Tueſday the 21ſt of April.

Mr Dent preſented an appeal from the Exchequer Court in Scotland.

Two private bills were brought up from the Commons by Sir John Eden, and others, which were read a firſt time. Adjourned to Friday.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, *March* 25.

Mr *Roſe* moved that the Houſe, at its riſing, do adjourn to Friday next, which being agreed to, he next preſented the Malt and Land Tax Bills, which received a ſecond reading, and were then committed, on motion, for Friday.

Mr Roſe moved, that the Committees of Supply and Ways and Means, do ſit on Friday, which being alſo carried:—The Houſe, after going through ſome buſineſs of courſe, adjourned.

LONDON,——*March* 27.

Yeſterday his Majeſty gladdened the hearts of his people, by a viſit to the capital. The Monarch inſpected the ſtables, riding-houſe, &c. at the Queen's palace, accompanied by his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter. His Majeſty's carriage was

houſe, from twelve o'clock till two, when it was ordered to the front door of the houſe, the King having changed his mind. A little after two o'clock his Majeſty, in a chaiſe and four, departed alone in the carriage, and attended only by his uſual ſuite, for Kew. The King bowed very affably to the numerous ſpectators who were aſſembled to behold him.

The King, with health and ſpirits perfectly reſtored, is ſenſibly recovering his good looks and former buſk.

The King's viſit to his Hanoverian dominions is pretty confidently talked of in moſt circles. The Queen will accompany him. If this ſhould be the caſe, Lords Juſtices will be appointed under the Great Seal for the government of the kingdom in his Majeſty's abſence, in the ſame manner as the late King uſed to do when he viſited his Hanoverian dominions.

In the commiſſion for giving the royal aſſent to the bills on Tueſday laſt, his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales was named, but no other perſon of the Royal Family.

DRAWING-ROOM.

The following are a part of the company that were preſent at the Drawing-room yeſterday:—

Their Royal Highneſſes the Prince of Wales,
Duke of York,
Duke of Glouceſter, and
Duke of Cumberland.
The Archbiſhop of Canterbury,
The Lord Chancellor,
Mr Pitt,
The Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.
Dukes of Richmond, St Albans, Beaufort, Ancaſter, Devonſhire, Montagu, Roxborough, Argyle, and Gordon.
Marquiſſes of Stafford and Townſhend.
Earls of Suffex, Guilford, Winchelſea, Warwick, Uxbridge, Clarendon, Camden, Stanhope, Falconberg, Beaulieu, Powis, Cholmondeley, Groſvenor, Aſhburnham, Leiceſter, Shafteſbury, Effingham, Exeter, Coventry, Delawar, Ailesbury, Macclesfield, Hertford, Bathurſt, Hopetoun, Mornington, Tyrconnell, Galloway, Sefton, Fife, Ludlow, Gower, and Strathmore.
Viſcounts Weymouth, Wentworth, Mount-Edgecumbe, Stormont, Melbourne, Bulkeley, and Hampden.
Lords Romney, Onſlow, Walſingham, Rawdon, Sandys, Grey de Wilton, Scarſdale, Rivers, Hawke, Loughborough, Dover, Sydney, Petre, Digby, Portcheſter, Parker, Willoughby de Broke, Shuldham, Howard, Hawkeſbury, Amherſt (Gold Stick) Walpole, Macartney, Brudenell, Delaval, Beauchamp, Burford, Bayham, Newhaven, Netterville, Hood, Rodney, Belgrave, Montford, Carysfort, W. Gordon, F. Campbell, G. Lenox.
Biſhops of Wincheſter, Norwich, London, Peterborough, Glouceſter, Worceſter, and Briſtol.
All the Foreign Miniſters.
The Maſter of the Rolls.
The Attorney and Solicitor General.
The Lord Mayor of London.
Sir G. Yonge, Sir W. Fawcet, Sir G. Howard, Sir J. Jarvis, Sir H. Clinton, Sir W. Howe, Sir C. Grey, Sir H. Monro, Sir J. Dick, Sir W. Pepperel, Sir R. Hill, Sir G. Osborne, Sir J. Chetwynd, Sir W. Scott, Sir W. Boothby, Sir J. Leiceſter, Sir R. Curtis, Sir J. Skinner, Sir W. Gordon, Sir A. Edmonſtone, Sir R. Sutton, Sir R. Sloper, Sir G. Baker, Sir J. Reid, Sir C. Cotterel
Aldermen Picket, Newnham, Boydel, Sir W. Lewes, Watſon, Le Meſurier; Mr Sheriff Curtis
Admirals Barrington, Digby, Rowley, Hotham, Hood, &c.
Generals Conway, St John, Johnſon, Pitt, Hyde, Smith, Laſcelles, Grant, Murray, &c.
Mr Ellis, Dundas, Edgecumbe, Mainwaring, Gordon, Roſe, Steel, Powney, Viner, Colonel Fitzpatrick, Mr Burke, Major Hanger, Mr Fox, &c.
Ducheſſes of Grafton, Rutland, Devonſhire, Ancaſter (Dowager,) Ancaſter, Bolton, Buccleugh, and Gordon.
Marchioneſſes of Stafford and Townſhend.
Counteſſes of Effingham, (Lady in waiting.) Pembroke, Forteſcue, Denbigh, Saliſbury, Suffolk, Ailesford, Coventry, Ilcheſter, Stamford, Carliſle, Tankerville, Clarendon, Harcourt, Uxbridge, Briſtol, Cheſterfield, Talbot, Leiceſter, Bathurſt, (Dowager) Ailesford, Harrington, Eſſex, Bute, Falconberg, Jerſey, Dartmouth, Hopetoun, Donegal, Lincoln, Sefton, Rothes, Courtoun, Portmore, and Cawan,
Viſcounteſſes Bulkley, Wentworth, Mount Edgecumbe, Melbourne, Mountſtuart, Parker, Fairford, &c. &c.
Ladies Dacre, Digby, Petre, Sydney, Macartney, Louvain, Boſton, Hereford, Amherſt, Waſhingham, Willoughby, Grantham, Duncannon, Polwarth, Portcheſter, S John, Sandys, Gideon, Wallis, Biſhop, Athurſt, Rowley, Tnte, Cockburn, Jarvis, Kenyon, Sutton, Yonge, Edmonſton, Ruſhoort, Stanley, Fawcett, Sykes, Lloyd, Milford, Reid, D'Oyley, Sheffield, C. Herbert, A. Wynn, R. Manners, wo Lady Montagues, S. Edgecumbe, J. Long, W. Howe E. York, A. Simpſon, E. Chaplin, C. Curzon, M. Sturt, E. Percival, M. Mordaunt, C. Dundas, G. Cavendiſh, I. Tolmache, C. Bathurſt, S. Bathurſt, F. Bruce, E. Grey, S Long, J. Dawkins, L. Lenox, H. Oſborne, E. Hervey, I Campbell, M. Bertie, A. Carpenter, B. Mackenzie, E. Brtie, E. Waldegrave, two Lady Levefons, C Bertie, J. Riſell, W. Gordon, E. Gordon, two Lady Villiers, M. A. Surt.
Mrs Monſague, Keppel, Prettyman, Himbleliſſe, Sturt, Perkins, Pott, Morton, Pitt, Hotham, Beaufoy, St John, Steel, [illegible] Herbert, Hobart, Parker, Smith, Roſe, Ellis, Porteus, Thiſtlethwaite, Ramſden, Watſon, Clarke, Harcourt, Wheeler.
Miſs Pulteney, Pelham, M. Pelham, Craven, North, Lowth, Wilkes, Ellerker, &c.

Her Majeſty and the Princeſſes left the Drawing-room at ſix o'clock, and went to Buckingham-houſe to dinner. It was eight o'clock before the whole of the company could leave St James's.

The Abſentees were ſcarcely any, but from ſome oſtenſible motive—as illneſs.

Duke of Portland; Duke and Ducheſs of Chandos; Duke and Ducheſs of Leeds; the Markhams; Lord and Lady Lanſdowne; Sir W. W. Wynne.

THE DRESSES.

It would occupy ſeveral papers, to give a minute account of all the dreſſes. We ſhall, therefore, only deſcribe a few of the moſt elegant.

Her MAJESTY—was dreſſed in purple, ſilver and orange body and train; the petticoat likewiſe of purple and ſilver, richly embroidered upon crape. Her Majeſty's head-dreſs was the moſt ſuperb and beautiful that ever appeared at Court. A bandeau of purple ſattin was faſtened round the cap, with a motto in diamonds of "*God ſave the King.*"

Round the Queen's neck was a medallion, tied with a double row of gold chain, and acroſs her ſhoulders was another chain of three rows of pearls, and five rows of diamonds faſtened low behind, with a fine miniature picture of the King, ſtudded with diamonds, hanging in front. The tippet was of fine lace, and faſtened with the letter G. in diamonds.

The PRINCESS ROYAL—in white and gold ſilver ſtuff, trimmed with a plain ſpotted gold crape. Round the head-dreſs was a bandeau of white and gold, with the inſcription the ſame as her Majeſty's.

PRINCESS AUGUSTA—in green and ſilver, trimmed in the ſame manner.

PRINCESS ELISABETH—in blue and ſilver, with black dots.

The dreſſes of the Princeſſes were all nearly alike. They each wore tippets faſtened in front, with the letters C. G. in brilliants.

dies, with Chambery gauze, muſſins, and coloured crape, with foil ornaments, light embroidery, ſpangled and painted ribbands, ſome feathers, and more diamonds—white prevailed.

The Head Dreſſes were fanciful alſo, and flung about in a charming ſtile; the hair negligent, with a bandeau, embroidered, or in diamonds, expreſſing the univerſal wish, "God ſave the King." "Long live the King," &c.

Thus the Ducheſs of Rutland, Gordon, and Devonſhire; Ladies Chatham and Weſtmoreland, Miſs Pulteney, &c. &c. with an order like Medallion below the boſom.

The Ducheſs of Devonſhire's bandeau was particularly brilliant, having the words—"God ſave the King," conſpicuouſly formed in diamonds.

Lady Warwick—A purple velvet gown, and crape petticoat, richly embroidered with gold and gold frizes.

Lady Pembroke.—A poppy colour ſattin gown, and crape petticoat, richly embroidered with poppy colour and ſilver.

Lady Fairford.—A ſtriped ſattin gown, and crape petticoat, uncommonly rich and beautiful, embroidered in gold foil, gold chains, &c.

Lady Catharine and Lady Suſan Bathurſt—Crape dreſſes, one ornamented with yellow, the other with pink.

Lady Viſcounteſs Parker.—A crape dreſs ornamented with gold and cogico.

Lady Charlotte Villiers.—A blue ſattin gown, with a white crape petticoat, embroidered with blue and ſilver, and branches of laurels.

Lady Digby.—A green ſattin gown, and crape petticoat, ornamented with coloured foils.

Miſs Digby.—In an entire white dreſs, with a ſingle branch of pink flowers as a bouquet.

Lady Howard.—A white ſattin petticoat, ſpotted with velvet, and richly ornamented with gold lace and fringe, the train the ſame.

Lady Shafteſbury.—A black velvet body and train, trimmed with black lace, a pink gauze petticoat, over pink ſattin.

Lady Dynevor.—A crape dreſs elegantly embraidered with gold, and ſtripped with black lace.

Lady Gideon.—A very rich white and ſilver gown, ornamented with branches of white and gold oak.

The two Miſs Gideons—in purple ſtripe ſilk gowns, dreſſes alike, tied up with pink ribbon, embroidered with ſtones.

Mrs Blomfield, ſiſter to Lady Gideon.—In blue and ſilver.

Lady Allanſon Wynne.—A crape dreſs, embroidered with ſilver, and bunches of natural flowers.

Lady Frances Bruce.—A dreſs moſt ſuperbly enriched with gold foils, and brunches of laurel.

Lady Lloyd—A petticoat of white ſattin, covered with crape, ornamented with ſtripes of narrow purple velvet, and richly ſpangled with gold and ſtones, in imitation of peacock's feathers; the train purple ſattin, with green and orange ſtripes.

Head dreſs, the Loyal Cap.—On the left ſide is placed a painting on ſattin, repreſenting Britannia kneeling, with uplifted hands and countenance, beautifully expreſſive of joy and gratitude, adoring Heaven for the King's recovery, with the words "Gracious Heaven has reſtored my King," written underneath. In the front is a bandeau of white ſattin, with theſe words, "Dieu nous le rend," embroidered in gold; the whole richly embelliſhed with diamonds, blonds, flowers, and feathers, exhibiting a ſtriking proof of loyalty and elegance.

Mrs Henry Drummond—In a beautiful painted ſattin, ornamented with poppy and ſilver.

Lady Mary Ann Sturt—Her train and body pale blue ſattin, trimmed with an elegant blue and ſilver fringe, a crape petticoat, with blue and ſilver foils formed in a ſtripe, with convolvulus's, which looked beautiful and elegant.

The caps were in general not near ſo high as they have been all the winter. That almoſt univerſally worn was the Conſtitutional Cap. White oſtrich feathers were all worn.

The petticoats were never worn more plain—nothing but crape ones, with borders trimmed with fringe, and chimming round the pocket-holes. No drapery was to be ſeen.

The gowns were very long in the waiſt, and the ſleeves made not to come over the elbow. The ſleeves were moſtly white. Short ſleeves came half way down the arm, the colour of the body and train, trimmed at the bottom with fringe.

Long ruffles were much worn, of point, Bruſſels, and other fine lace.

The hair was generally dreſſed in blowzed curls, the toupee rather ſmall, and the hair low behind, tied with two bunches of ribbons.

Tuckers were ſtill as broad as ever. Hardly a trimmed handkerchief to be ſeen.

The Ladies Dreſſes are the ſame as will be worn at the Ball Paré at the Pantheon.

The Prince of Wales was in embroidered ſcarlet; the Duke of York in his uniform.

The Gentlemen had little lace; but what has a better effect—coloured embroidery, and velvets.

The dreſſes were chiefly dark ſtripped velvets, with rich embroideries. The waiſtcoats were all of white ſattin, embroidered to anſwer the trimmings of the coat.

They wore the ſame mottos as the Ladies on their ſword-knots. Thoſe of the army and navy had them in their cockades. The dreſſes were in general uncommonly ſuperb.

The hair was dreſſed exceedingly full and light, and many gentlemen wore five curls on a ſide.

The Miniſters of State gave grand dinners yeſterday, and ſome of the houſes of the Nobility were illuminated, but not generally, as her Majeſty deſired that this mark of attention might be diſpenſed with.

SOCIETY OF BRITISH FISHERIES.

Wedneſday was held, at the London Tavern, the Anniverſary Meeting of the Society for promoting the Britiſh Fiſheries, for electing a Governor, Deputy Governor, and Directors, during the year enſuing, when Mr Dempſter gave a very particular and intereſting account of the meaſures purſued by the Directors, for attaining the laudable ends of their aſſociation, which are principally directed to the promotion of induſtry, and increaſing the reſources for manning the navy of Great Britain, by extending the Fiſheries. The following were elected:

His Grace the Duke of ARGYLE, Governor.
The Right Honourable the Earl of BREADALBANE, Deputy Governor.

DIRECTORS.

The Moſt Noble the Marquis of Graham.
The Right Hon. the Earl of Moray.
The Right Hon. the Earl Gower.
Sir Adam Ferguſon, Bart. M. P.
Henry Beaufoy, Eſq; M. P.
Iſaac Hawkins Browne, Eſq; M. P.
John Call, Eſq; M. P.
George Dempſter, Eſq; M. P.
F. H. Mackenzie, Eſq; M. P.
Neil Malcolm, Eſq;
Robert Smith, Eſq; M. P.
William Smith, Eſq; M. P.
William Wilberforce, Eſq; M. P.

As this Society is engaged in the moſt important objects of any inſtitutionn that has ever been formed, we have endeavoured to procure ſome of the particulars relating to it, for the gratification of our readers.

It appeared from what Mr Dempſter ſtated, that a ſum of 30,000l. has been ſubſcribed, by 600 ſubſcribers at 50l. a ſhare each, for the purpoſe of purchaſing land for towns and villages, and for erecting ſtorehouſes, inns, and ſchools at different parts of the Highlands of Scotland. Two villages of this kind were erected laſt year; one at Ullapool, on the weſt coaſt of Roſs-ſhire, to the north, and another at Tobermory, in the Iſle of Mull, on the ſouth, and near the celebrated iſland of Staffa. Theſe are carrying on with great ſpirit, and ſeveral others are about to be eſtabliſhed. Mr Dempſter alſo gave a particular account of theſe ſettlements, by which it appeared that not only the fiſheries, but the growth and ſpinning of hemp, flax, and many other objects of induſtry, were promoted, and that the Directors had extended their views ſtill further to the general benefit of the Fiſheries, by forming regulations for the conduct of the fiſhermen, and reviſing the laws reſpecting the Fiſheries. This ſociety has been only eſtabliſhed two years; and we cannot but admire the attention and activity of ſo many noblemen and gentlemen in effecting ſo much buſineſs as has been done, and which augurs great ſucceſs to the ſociety, and we therefore cannot but earneſtly recommend it to the patronage of the public at large.

After the meeting, the Governors and Directors, with a moſt reſpectable company of ſubſcribers dined together, and ſpent the day in much feſtivity. The following toaſts were drank: The King—Queen—The Navy of Great Britain, and may the Society eſtabliſhments prove a nurſery to it—May the Fiſheries of North Britain meet the ſupport of Great Britain, &c.

Wedneſday at noon the Duke of Wirtemburgh took leave of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales at Carlton-houſe, previous to his departure from England.

The Iriſh penſion bill, which was carried up to the Lords of that kingdom on the 19th inſt. was propoſed to be read a ſecond time on the Monday following; but it was propoſed by thoſe who wiſhed well to adminiſtration, that it ſhould be read a ſecond time on the Monday ſe'nnight. This motion was carried by 38 to 36: a majority of only two for Government.

Wedneſday, a General Quarterly Court was held at the Eaſt India Houſe, Leadenhall Street, purſuant to act of Parliament, which ſpecifies that four Courts ſhall be held every year. After reading of accounts *pro forma*, and the paſſing ſome reſolutions to ſuſpend the 11th and 23d bye-laws in certain caſes, a motion was made from the Chair, for the Court to agree with the Court of Directors for Addreſſes to the King and Queen, on account of the reſtoration of his Majeſty's health. Two Addreſſes were accordingly produced and agreed to, and the two Chairmen were inſtructed to wait on the Secretary of State, to know when and how they ſhould be preſented. After which the Court broke up.

The meeting was fully attended. They were unuſually late in determining on the Houſe Liſt; and we hear it was carried by one only.

The advices received by the William Pitt, juſt arrived, we are happy in announcing, are more ſatisfactory in every reſpect, ſo far as regard the poſſeſſions of the Eaſt India Company, than any that have been received for many years.

The Guntoor, Circar, ceded to us, with other Circars, in 1765, by the Soubah of the Decan, Earl Cornwallis has taken quiet poſſeſſion of. This valuable acquiſition became the Company's right on the death of the Subah's brother in the year 1781. In taking poſſeſſion of the Guntoor Circar, the Company add to their annual revenues the capital ſum of 150,000 l. and all this without any injury to, or oppreſſion of the natives. Of Earl Cornwallis's government no eulogium can be too highly wrought, and unanimity conſequently reigns not only throughout his council, but the ſettlement.

Mr Shore, one of the moſt valuable members of the Supreme Council, is reported to be about returning to this country, on account of the climate proving unfavourable to his conſtitution.

At Delhi, a revolution was effected in September by the Rohilla confederates, aided by one of their moſt daring chiefs, Gholam Kadar Cawn, taking advantage of Madajee Scindia's remiſſneſs, in neglecting to ſtation a proper number of troops round the city. The conſequences were truly terrible to the unfortunate old king, whoſe eyes the inhuman chief deprived him of, putting the robes of royalty at the ſame time on one of his creatures, Achmed Shaw.

Scindia did not long leave the tyrant in poſſeſſion of Delhi. He very ſhortly gained not only a complete victory over the Rohillas, but took poſſeſſion of the city. The modern Bajazet, Gholam Kadar Cawn, ſaved himſelf by an ignominious and rapid flight.

The Marrattah Chief Scindia, in conſequence of this victory, it is thought, will regain his wonted influence in the upper provinces, and the miſerable eyeleſs monarch of Delhi once more be reſtored to his throne and regal power.

The young Prince of Delhi, Johander Shaw, lived not to behold his royal father's miſeries. He fell a victim in June, at Benares, to the warmth of the climate, having overheated himſelf in a pious excurſion to Chunar.

The following are the dates of the arrivals of the Bengal ſhips, and the time when they were to be diſpatched to England.

Manſhip, arrived	24th July,	to ſail 1ſt Dec.
Triton,	ditto,	15th
Kent,	20th,	1ſt Jan.
Phœnix,	18th,	15th
Ld Macartney,	28th Auguſt,	10th Feb.
Northumberland	28th October,	20th
Dublin,	7th Nov.	10th March.

Airly Caſtle, 24th Auguſt, goes to Bencoolen.

The William Pitt touched at Madras on her way home, and has made the quickeſt paſſage of any ſhip ever yet employed in the ſervice of the Company, having been only eleven months and ſixteen days on her voyage to Bengal and back.

Sir Archibald Campbell has taken his paſſage home in the Manſhip.

EXPEDITION TO BOTANY BAY.

The two ſhips of war, named the Sirius and Supply, with the tranſports, under the command of Commodore Phillips, have made good their voyage to Botany Bay:—Of this important arrival, intelligence has been brought by the Prince of Wales, one of the tranſports which carried out the convicts.—The diſpatches for Government are not, however, yet arrived, as the Borrowdale tranſport, by which Commodore Phillips ſent them, has not yet reached England.

On the arrival of this ſquadron at Botany Bay, the deſtined ſpot was found not to have water ſufficient for the ſupply of the new ſettlement:—A Council was in conſequence held, and the ſhips weighing anchor, ſtood away for Jackſon's Bay, where nature's gifts appeared equal to all their wiſhes:—The verdure ſtrong and rich, and the ſprings of the beſt water:—The face of the country too poſſeſſing great variety, and well cloathed with wood.

The moment Commodore Phillips had made good the landing of the marines, and ſome lines of limitation were marked out, the convicts were put on ſhore; and the artizans among them, with thoſe belonging to the ſhips, proceeded to cut down wood to form their habitation;—this taſk continued for ſome time, during the hours of day, and in the evening the workmen and others returned on board the ſhipping, leaving only the marines, and a detachment of the ſeamen, to guard the works as they advanced towards completion. The natives, when they diſcovered the preparations on foot, and that their viſitors were likely to become ſtationary, appeared ſo diſſatisfied, that ſeveral pieces of ordnance were mounted on the lines to awe them: they however kept at a diſtance, and though they did not provoke a fire, they declined all communion.

Of the convicts and others, from the departure of the ſquadron from Portſmouth, to the time the ſhip which brings the advice left Jackſon's Bay, only forty have appeared to have died,—and to compenſate for this loſs, forty-two infants were born. Three of the convicts, however, have been hanged ſince they came on ſhore. The name of one of thoſe unhappy men was Potter.

Three of the convicts were induced to try their fortunes among the natives, where they hoped to have a favourable reception: Two of theſe were in this expedition killed and eaten, and the third, after ſubſiſting on roots for ſome time in the woods, returned, almoſt periſhed through hunger:—This operated to deter further adventures of a like nature.

The cattle fared very unpropitiouſly; ſome of the cows died during their paſſage; and others, after their landing, ſtrayed ſo far into the woods, as to be irrecoverably loſt.—The ſheep did not thrive;—the herbage did not afford the nutriment of their native paſture, and no ſtock, it is feared, will ever be reared from them.—The pigs were in a ſtate of better proſperity;—and moſt of the poultry promiſe to be beneficial.

When the Prince of Wales Tranſport quitted Jackſon's Bay, which was on the 15th of July laſt, a very fine crop of grain was preſented to the eye. This occupied twelve acres of ground, all that could poſſibly be cultivated before the ſeaſon was too far gone, for a crop of greater extent.

The fish immediately on the coast are found to be very indifferent. The natives live chiefly on testaceous fish, and the small quadruped, which Cooke describes; the hind legs of which are much longer than the fore ones. The skins of several of these animals have been stuffed and brought to England. An attempt was made to bring some of them alive, but the attempt failed.

The Prince of Wales is said to have continued her course through the South Sea, after she left New Holland, and passed through the Straits of Magellan. She parted company with the Borrowdale on the 15th of August last, but fell in with her at Rio Janeiro; they sailed from that place together, but lost company again on the 24th of December last. Captain Mason, the master of the Prince of Wales, died on his passage home, and Mr Moore, the mate, succeeded to the command. Four of her seamen also died.

Captain Phillips, the Governor of the settlement, and Major Ross, the Deputy Governor, together with Captain Hunter, Lieut. Ball of the Supply tender, and Lieut. Long of the marines, were all well when the transport above named sailed for England.

As soon as Government receive their official dispatches from Botany Bay, four frigates and several large ships will be contracted for, to carry over the whole of the convicts for transportation in the different gaols of the kingdom.

In consequence of the intelligence being received of the safe arrival at Botany Bay, of the fleet, the two ships, viz. the Lady Juliana and the King George, which are taken up by Government for conveying more convicts to that place are ordered to remain till further orders.

In the new form of constitution which the King of Sweden has ordered for the future government of his kingdom an oath of allegiance is to be taken by all members of the Senate, to the following tenor:

"I acknowledge that there is an hereditary King, who has the powers of governing the kingdom; of making war or peace; of concluding foreign alliances; and of distributing favours as he shall think most fit.—That the Supreme Tribunal of the kingdom shall consist of Plebeians, as well as Nobles, and the number shall depend on the pleasure of the King.—That every subject shall have an equal right to purchase lands, and that the repairing of the highways shall fall equally on every description of persons.—That in respect to the high offices in the State, they shall be exclusively given to the Noble and Equestrian Orders: In respect to all others, those who give the greatest proof of public virtue shall always have the preference."

The oath has been subscribed to by three of the orders, and the King has therefore declared it a law.

BRITISH STATE LOTTERY, 1788.

THIRTY-FOURTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 24,222, 1000 l. No. 45,732, 100l.

THIRTY-FIFTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 24,808, 1000 l. No. 601, 500l.

No. 36,371, 100l.

EDINBURGH:

PRIVATE THEATRE, MARIONVILLE.

For many years past, it has been the custom with foreign Princes, and persons of distinction, to have private theatres in their houses, for the entertainment of themselves and strangers. Of late, this fashion, like many others, has been imported into our sister kingdom, though with some difference. Abroad, it is usual to have a set of hired players to entertain the company invited: In England, it is the custom for those of the family, even of the highest rank, with the assistance of some friends, to perform the different parts. Thus, while a greater honour is paid to their guests, an opportunity is given, at the same time, to many Ladies and Gentlemen, of displaying their elocution and taste—an entertainment far more rational, moral, and interesting, than what was formerly in use, when the hospitality of the great was solely confined to—*the table and bottle.*

It will, therefore, be with some degree of pleasure that the public are informed, that this laudable method of entertaining company is likely soon to become fashionable in Scotland. Captain Macrae and his Lady will, however, have the honour of introducing the use of private theatres in Scotland. They have lately fitted up one at their house of Marionville, in the near neighbourhood of this city, where the Tragedy of *Douglas* was, for the second time, performed on Friday last. This Theatre, though small, is extremely neat. The scenes are prettily painted. In the front of the stage is a piece of drapery, on the top of which is a scroll, with these words: *The Abstract and real Chronicle of the* [illegible] and in the corner of the scroll is a bust of Shakespeare. The seats below, and gallery above, it is supposed, will contain about 150 persons.—— Follow the

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Douglas,	Mr LEMAISTRE,
Glenalvon,	Capt. M'EWAN,
Lord Randolph,	Capt. HUNTER,
Old Norval,	Mr MACRAE,
Anna,	Mrs CARRUTHERS,
And Lady Randolph,	Mrs MACRAE.

A Prologue, written by Mr Lemaistre, suited to the occasion, was also spoken by that Gentleman.

It might be considered as improper, nor is there room, to enter at large into the merits of the several actors, all of whom much exceeded the most sanguine expectations of their friends. It would, however, be a piece of injustice not to take notice of Mrs Macrae's *Lady Randolph*, a character which perhaps was never better performed on any stage.—This may seem an extravagant assertion to many, when it is considered, that the part has been played, at different times, by the greatest actresses that ever appeared either in London or Edinburgh; we mean, Mrs Ward, Mrs Bellamy, Mrs Crawfurd, and Mrs Siddons; and the two latter, rivals in fame, played it repeatedly against each other in London. Both of them had their excellencies. Mrs Crawford's delicate sensibility was thought peculiarly fitted for pouring out *"Matilda's plaintive moan;"* while Mrs Siddons, with equal tenderness, and a dignity and majesty all her own, was universally admired. It may with truth be said of Mrs Macrae, that she kept a proper medium betwixt both; and that while she displayed the utmost sensibility and tenderness, grief and joy, by turns, she never once overacted her part—an error that has been imputed, in this character, to the greatest actress that ever appeared. In this respect, Mrs Macrae was perfectly correct from beginning to end. Her voice is extremely harmonious; and she has the most perfect command of it;—never straining it beyond its bounds, either by raising it too high, or sinking it below its compass. And not only was her action admirable: Her countenance itself was expressive. Of this she gave several convincing proofs—particularly in that scene in the second act, where Young Norval tells his story; during the narration of which, it was easy to discover, from the progressive alteration of her countenance, the correspondent feelings and sensibility of the heart. This was still more apparent in the second scene of the third act, where the Old Shephard is introduced, narrating the manner of his finding the child and jewels. Here it was impossible not to discern the various transitions and revolutions of the countenance, expressive of anxiety, agitation, wonder, joy, and gratitude. In this scene, one of the most interesting in this affecting play, she was truly great—the whole audience seemed deeply affected, and many a tear was shed. What is remarkable in a young performer—Mrs Macrae seemed not to pay the smallest attention to the audience; nor, though her part was so very long, had she ever any occasion for the prompter.

GLENALVON was admirably performed by Captain *M'Ewan*. His figure is, for this character, much superior to that of Mr Woods; who, however, it is allowed, plays this part, and indeed all that he attempts, with much judgment; and perhaps, where softness is required, he may excel Captain M'Ewen: But where a bolder tone is necessary, the Captain's figure, voice, and manner, are much superior, and more in the stile of an ancient warrior.

LORD RANDOLPH by Captain *Hunter*, also merits much commendation. His figure and voice are both excellent—his action manly and correct.

DOUGLAS and OLD NORVAL were likewise well supported; the former by Mr *Lemaistre*, the latter by Mr *Macrae*.

ANNA, by Mrs *Carruthers*, was performed in a very superior stile. A handsome person, an agreeable face, the manners of a lady, accompanied with just action, could not fail to please. *Lady Randolph* was peculiarly fortunate in having such an *Anna* for a companion.

The characters were all dressed with much propriety. *Lady Randolph* appeared in a black gown and cap, with a plume of white feathers. *Anna* in slight mourning. *Douglas*, *Glenalvon*, and Lord *Randolph* were all in the Highland dress, though each of them wore different tartan from the other; but no philibegs. *Old Norval* was in the dress of a plain country man, without tartan.

The order and regularity with which every thing went forward ought not to be forgot, and does much honour to the conductors. The pauses between the acts were short; during which, refreshments of sweetmeats, wines, &c. were handed about to the audience. An excellent band of music also attended, who, during these little intervals, entertained the company with some of the best Scotch airs, no other music being performed. The play itself was likewise very happily chosen, being not only one of the best modern tragedies, but also a Scotch production, which reflects much credit on the taste of this country.

The whole concluded with a ball and supper, in which the politeness and hospitality of Mr and Mrs Macrae were equally conspicuous as their truly classic taste had been in the plan, arrangement, and execution of the play.

There were about 150 persons, most of them of the first distinction, present. Among others, the Marquis of Tweeddale, Earl of Glencairn, Earl of Crawford, Earl of Hadinton, Lord Torphichen, Marchioness of Tweeddale, Lady Saltoun, Lady Harriet Don, Lady Elisabeth Cunninghame, Lady Ann Maitland, Lady Forbes, Lady Ramsay, Lady Mary Lindsay, Lady Hopes, Countess of Aberdeen and Lady Susan Gordon, Lady Maxwell.

There is to be another representation soon.

We forgot to mention, that, after the play, an excellent Epilogue, written by Mrs Macrae, was also spoken by that Lady. It contained much point, and was delivered with such *vi comica*, as showed that Mrs Macrae's powers are not confined to tragedy only, but that she is equally the favourite of Thalia as of Melpomene; and we are happy to hear, that it is in contemplation soon to get up a comedy at Marionville, in which this Lady will appear in a principal part.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

Saturday evening, Mr King, late acting manager of the Theatre-Royal, Drury-Lane, made his first appearance on our stage, in the character of *Lord Ogleby*, in the Clandestine Marriage, written by Messr. Coleman and Garrick. The part of *Lord Ogleby* Garrick intended to have acted himself; but, apprehending, from his frequent attacks of the gout, and his advanced age, too much fatigue from the playing such an important character several nights successively, he resigned it to Mr King, whose performance is as singularly meritorious, as the part is happily discriminated from any other libertine of rank. The fame of this excellent performer had so much excited the curiosity of the public, that, long before the usual time of people thinking of taking their seats, there were none to be had, which occasioned a great number being disappointed; and there was, of consequence, a prodigious overflow in every part of the house. On Mr King's first appearance, and during his whole performance, he was received with the most flattering and unbounded marks of approbation by an audience which, for brilliancy, respectability, and numbers, has seldom been exceeded. Mr King, for a long series of years, has been thought unrivalled in the character of Lord Ogleby; and time, far from diminishing his powers, has rather matured his judgment. His person, though below the middle size, is genteel and well proportioned. His air and address are perfectly polite, and his countenance admirably suited to convey the impulse of his mind. His voice is clear and audible, even in its lowest tones. His articulation is distinct; his emphasis correct, and his feelings and discriminations are true and proper. Just in his conceptions, and accurate in his delineations, he depicted, with great judgment, the gay, old, debilitated debauchee of fashion. At same time, he did not indulge in an extravagant caricature of misconceived high life; which, by some performers, is carried the length of mere buffoonery. To enter into particulars of this Gentleman's superior abilities as a comic performer, would be endless: Every scene in which he appeared was a finished piece of acting. Suffice it to say, that his very looks and gestures, often before he opened his mouth, called forth repeated bursts of applause. His dress of pink and silver, elegantly decorated with foil, made into large frogs, with a silver tissue waistcoat, ornamented in the same manner, was well fancied and tasty; and his undress was remarkably genteel. It would be doing injustice to the other performers not to mention, that, in general, all of them did their parts remarkably well. As a proof of which, the piece was repeatedly applauded after the curtain dropt.

Last night, the Lady of Sir James Colquhoun of Luss, Bart. was safely delivered of a daughter at his house St Andrew's Square.

On Tuesday last, was married at Falkirk, the Rev. Mr John Stewart to Miss Clarkson of Tipper Craigs.

Died at Perth the 28th inst. Mrs Margaret Donaldson, wife of Mr Donald Macdonald, merchant there.

Mrs Janet Pilmor, spouse to Capt. Mungo Law of Pitillock, died there the 25th current.

On Thursday last died at Carron shore, Capt. John Easton.

On Thursday last, the University of Edinburgh, in a very full meeting, approved of an Address of congratulation to the King upon the happy event of his recovery, and transmitted it to Sir Adam Fergusson representative of the city, to be presented to his Majesty.

We hear from Nairn, that at a meeting of the Magistrates and Council of that antient burgh upon the 16th of March cust. it was unanimously agreed to present a loyal and affectionate address to his Majesty on the recovery of his health; and in further testimony of the universal satisfaction diffused thro' all ranks of the community by this happy event, in the evening the bells were set a ringing, bonfires were lighted in different parts of the town, a general illumination took place, and the principal inhabitants concluded these unfeigned demonstrations of joy by meeting together to celebrate in the most cordial manner the restoration of health to a Monarch so justly beloved by his people.

Saturday, we were led to imagine, that a change of weather had taken place. In the evening, however, these hopes were entirely dissipated; for a fresh storm of wind commenced from the North East, which continued best part of that night and yesterday morning. The snow lay very deep in the country, though in the course of the day it was all melted in town. Last night it again began to freeze, and the frost still continues intense.

On Saturday sailed from Dunbar for the whale fishery in the Greenland seas, the Blessed Endeavour, Captain Dawson, and the Princess of Wales, Captain Muirhead, both excellent ships, and well fitted out for the voyage.

Yesterday se'ennight the Industry, Wood, belonging to Sunderland, in making that harbour, run on shore near the new pier; she was got off on Tuesday, but unfortunately greatly damaged.

The Urania, Berry; Grampus, Noble; and Leviathan, Barry, have sailed from Sunderland for Greenland.

Thursday se'ennight the Leviathan, Bell; Grampus, Wilson; Peggy, Holme; Sarah, Garner; and Margaret, Speddin, sailed from Liverpool, for Greenland.

Saturday the Elizabeth, Nellis; Gibraltar Wry; Enterprize, Sinclair; Diana, Clifford; Castle, Horncastle; and Minerva, Thompson, sailed from Hull, for Greenland.

At the debate in the Pantheon of Thursday last, on the question, "Whether is the Philosopher or Man of business of greater service to this Country?" the company was less numerous than genteel and respectable,—the debate spirited and entertaining.—Speakers 14.—decided in the affirmative of the man of business, by a small majority.

Our readers will no doubt be surprised at the enormous weight of the Whitley ox, fed by Edward Hall, Esq; and which was sold in Newcastle market, on Saturday, by Mr T. Horsley. His four quarters weighed 149st. 8lb. tallow 19st. 5lb. hide 10st. 7lb. head and tongue 3st. 10lb. heart 1st. 1lb. four feet 2st. 11lb. In all 187. His liver, blood, lights, and entrails, weighed 29st. 8lb. which, added to the above, makes altogether 216st. 8lb.

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

ELSINORE, *March* 7. 1789.

After so long and uncommonly severe a winter, we were encouraged to hope for an early spring, by a few days mild weather, which has been of short duration, and is again succeeded by a frost equally severe with the former. The Sound is now full of ice; and if we have calm weather for a day or two, the communication with Sweden will again be open over it. The Charlotte, Captain Watson of Ipswich, from Stettin to London, and the Experiment, J. Carbery, of Liverpool, from Memel for Newry, have been in the ice between Malmoe and Stranoer, from the middle of December till within these few days, that the easterly winds brought the ice from the Swedish coast; and with the downward current one of them got as far down as the Nun Island, but next day was carried back towards Copenhagen Roads, where she remains driving about in a very dangerous situation.

The immense quantity of strong thick ice that is all over the Baltic, will for a long time impede the navigation. We therefore recommend it to our friends concerned in the Baltic trade not to be forward in coming out; for a few days thaw will have little influence upon it, and if might decoy them into imminent danger.

ELSINORE, *March* 14.

Since our last of 7th, we have had a continued hard frost, and at this moment as much the appearance of winter as ever. As to the vessels mentioned in our last, we can say nothing further, being all out of sight, and no particular intelligence concerning them. The Sound is open below the Castle, and in a direct line to Helsingburg, but towards Copenhagen all is shut; and by advice from the Belts, they are all full of ice. Four posts from Hamburgh, &c. awanting. WOOD AND HOWDEN.

Extract of a letter from Calcutta, dated 10th Nov. last.

"The great Mogul has been lately deposed by Gosaum Cader Cawn, and Ismael Beg Cawn; the one a Rohillah, and the other a Marrattah Chief. The unfortunate Emperor was first stript of his treasures, then deprived of his women, and afterwards cast into a dungeon, where he he was murdered, having first had his eyes dug out with a dagger.

"We have Lee-Lewis the player here; but Lord Cornwallis will not allow him to act, and has made him a present of 100 guineas, with orders to return to Europe."

Extract of a letter from a young man at Calcutta to his friend in Edinburgh, Oct. 18. 1788.

"The markets here are so overstocked with European goods, that there is scarcely an article of that kind that will fetch prime cost. Even glass, which used to sell high, will not bring its original price. Such an alteration has taken place in this country, that, instead of Europeans making fortunes, there are now many walking the streets of Calcutta who cannot get employment: For preferment is not conferred upon merit, but swayed entirely by interest. You cannot entertain the most distant idea of the distresses attending the poor natives, owing to a failure in the last crop of rice.—The sight is shocked almost every day with the bodies of two or three poor creatures lying upon the streets, who have perished through hunger; and they generally lie till the dogs, jackals, or other beasts of prey devour them."

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

				Ther.	Bar.
Saturday,	*Mar.* 28.	8	P. M.	32	29.30
Sunday,	29.	8	A. M.	34	29.42
		8	P. M.	35	29.65
Monday,	30.	8	A. M.	32	29.74

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

March 28. Elizabeth, Neilson, from Shetland, goods.
Katharine and Isobella, Carfoell, from Lynn, grain.
Rachell, Scotland, from London, goods.
And a number of coasters.

SAILED,

Ceres. M'Intosh, for London, ditto.
Friendship, Ritchie, for ditto, ditto.
Lovely Mary, Gordon, for ditto, ditto.
Friendship, Findlay, for the Greenland fishing.
Royal Bounty, Reid, for ditto.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the Burgh of Stirling.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of your ancient burgh of Stirling, highly sensible of the various blessings we have, in common with our fellow-subjects, enjoyed under the Government of the best of King's, beg leave, amidst the general joy which the happy re-establishment of your Majesty's health has diffused among all ranks of men, to mingle ours with the numerous loyal and congratulatory Addresses that may now be presented at your Throne.

Permit us, Sire, to embrace this opportunity of expressing those sentiments of loyalty and attachment which we entertain towards your Majesty and the illustrious House of Hanover, as well as the sincere hope and ardent desire we feel, that your Majesty may be long preserved to reign over a free and loyal people.

Nor can we, most gracious Sovereign, while we thus rejoice at your happy recovery, avoid humbly to express our warm approbation of the wise, prudent, and constitutional conduct of your confidential servants, during the period of your indisposition. And we trust that the exercise of your Majesty's government will, from their accustomed aid, continue to receive that strength and vigour which it formerly possessed.

Signed in presence, and by appointment of the Council, at the town house of Stirling, this 14th day of March 1789. HENRY JAFFRAY Provost.

(Transmitted by the Right Hon. Henry Dundas.)

MASONRY.

THE Monthly Meeting of the *Thistle Lodge* is to be held within the Lodge Room, foot of Carrubber's Close, on Friday next the 3d April, at 7 o'clock in the evening. Of which intimation is hereby given to the Brethren.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ALEXANDER MACKENZIE merchant in Fortrose, hereby intimates to those concerned, That he has made up a state of the claims proved against the estate, and lodged with him preceding the 2d of March current, as also a state of the funds recovered, with a scheme dividing the free produce thereof, including in said scheme of division the price of the heritable subjects payable at Whitsunday first, which will remain in his hands, at the house of John Gordon, Esq; merchant in Forres, until Tuesday the 2d day of June next, being twelve-kalendar months from the date of the interlocutor awarding the sequestration, when he hereby calls a general meeting of the creditors, to be held within the house of Robert Ettles vintner in Inverness, at eleven o'clock forenoon, to receive the first dividend from the subjects, and to give directions regarding the future management of the funds.

Forres, March 25. 1789.

For Merant Bay and Kingston, Jamaica,

(To call at Madeira.)

The Brig LILLY,

JOHN SHARP Master,

Now lying here, ready to receive on board goods, and will be clear to sail by the 20th April.

The Lilly is a very fine British built vessel, of 180 tons burden, only four years old, and has good accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to Mr George Hamilton, Glasgow, or Archibald and James Robertson and Company, Greenock.

N. B. The Lilly will take goods on freight from Madeira, and land passengers at any of the Windward Islands in the trade to Jamaica.

Greenock, March 24. 1789.

To the CREDITORS of ARCHIBALD ROBERTON, Esq; late of Bedlay, Advocate, and the Purchasers of his Estates.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeable to an interlocutor of the Lord Ordinary, dated the 10th curt. the scheme of division of the proceeds of Mr Roberton's heritable and personal estates is this day lodged in the clerk's hands (office H. S Callander) so that all concerned may see the scheme, and give in objections, if any occur thereto, betwixt and the 31st of May next, and in case any objections are made, parties are appointed to answer the same, betwixt and the 3d sederunt day in June next.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ALEXANDER MONTEATH, Merchant at Carronshore.

JAmes Henderson, writer in Falkirk, trustee for the creditors of the said Alexander Monteith, requests a meeting of the whole creditors, within the house of Mrs Wyse, vintner in Falkirk, upon Thursday the 26th day of April next, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to receive the composition offered and agreed to by the creditors, so far as the same has been recovered by the trustee; and to give such instructions as may appear necessary for the future management of the sequestrated estate

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ROBERT JOHNSTON, Merchant in Edinburgh.

ROBERT BROWN, Writer to the signet, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Robert Johnston, hereby intimates, That he has made up a *Third State* of the bankrupt's affairs, which will lie open for the inspection of the creditors or their agents, till the 31st of May next, being exactly three years from the date of the sequestration; and, on the 1st day of June next, the trustee requires the whole creditors of the said Robert Johnston to meet within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, at twelve o'clock noon, to receive their third dividend, and give such orders as may appear necessary for the future management of the affairs.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ALEXANDER and JAMES SCOTT, Linen Printers and Merchants in Glasgow.

THE estates real and personal of the said Alexander and James Scott, as copartners and as individuals, having been sequestrated by the Lord Ordinary officiating on the bills, on the 19th March curt. at a meeting of the creditors held at Glasgow, upon the 26th of that month, Walter Ewing, merchant in Glasgow, was chosen interim factor, and the meeting fixed Thursday 30th April next, at one o'clock afternoon, within the Tontine Tavern in Glasgow, for a general meeting of the creditors, for the purpose of chusing a trustee; and upon an application by the factor to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, the Sheriff appointed Tuesday next, at two o'clock in the afternoon of the 31st day of May curt. and the same day and hour of the three succeeding weeks, in the sheriff court-house of Glasgow, for the public examination of the said James Scott, one of the bankrupts, and their families, and others acquainted with their business, and on account of the said Alexander Scott being confined to his house by indisposition, the Lord Ordinary on the bills, has granted commission to, and authorised the Sheriff, to take his examination in his own house in Glasgow, on each of these days, immediately after the examination in the court-house shall be finished, which the Sheriff has accordingly declared he will do Of all which intimation is hereby given, in terms of the statute, that the whole creditors, if they think fit may attend the examination, and put such questions as shall be judged of importance, for rendering the discovery and surrender to be made by the bankrupts more complete.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES LOCHHEAD and CO. Manufacturers at Pollockshaws, and of JAMES, WILLIAM, and JOHN LOCHHEADS, and of DAVID WILKIE, individual partners of the said Company.

JAmes Burnside merchant in Glasgow, trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said James Lochhead and Company, and of the partners thereof above mentioned, hereby intimates, that he has made up a state of the affairs of the said bankrupts, and scheme of division of the funds recovered among the Creditors; and that the same are open for the inspection of all concerned at his house in Glasgow, where the dividends will be paid on the 30th day of May next, being twelve months from the date of the sequestration; and a meeting of the Creditors is to be held at the trustee's house on the said 30th day of May next, at twelve o'clock mid-day, for the purpose of giving directions with regard to the future management of the trust estate.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES CUNNINGHAM, late Vintner at North Queensferry.

THE trustee on the said James Cunningham's sequestrated estate, hereby intimates, that he has in terms of the late statute, made up a state of the bankrupt's effects that have been disposed of, and are expected to be converted into money at the ensuing term of Whitsunday, together with state of the debts that have been lodged with him, in terms of the statute, and scheme or cast, dividing the produce among the Creditors; which states and scheme, together with a general state of the bankrupt's affairs down to this date, will lie open for the inspection of the Creditors or their agents, in the hands of Andrew Adie, writer in Dunfermline, the trustee, and likewise with James Skinner, writer in Edinburgh, until Monday the first day of June next, being the next lawful day after the expiry of twelve kalendar months from the date of the sequestration; on which day, at one o'clock afternoon, a stated general meeting of the Creditors will be held, within the house of Charles Steuart vintner, North Queensferry, to give such orders as may appear necessary for the future management of the estate, and to receive their first dividends.

Edinburgh, March 28. 1789.

TACK DUTY TO BE SOLD.

THERE will be exposed to Sale by public roup, in consequence of an act and warrant from the Court of Session, within the house of Mr Clerk, innkeeper at Hamilton, on Friday the 3d April 1789, betwixt the hours of twelve and one o'clock afternoon,

A TACK DUTY of L. 100 Sterling yearly, for six years from Martinmas 1788, to Martinmas 1794, payable by John Henderson, tacksman of Netherburn, to the Trustees appointed by Captain James Roberton of Earnock, now deceased, for the Coal Work of Quarter, and the Lime-work of Eoghead, a part of the farm of Quarter, lately possessed by the said Captain Roberton.

For further particulars apply to Mr Mitchelson, Nicolson's Street, or to Mr John Boyes, jun. writer in Hamilton, in whose hands may be seen the lease or contract, with the act and warrant, and conditions of roup.

TO COVER THIS SEASON.

THE Grey Horse YOUNG MEMBRINO, the property of Thomas Watson, farmer at Lauriestoun, three miles west of Edinburgh, is to cover this season at Lauriestoun upon Mondays and Tuesdays, at Edinburgh, upon the Wednesdays, at Dalkeith upon the Thursdays, and at Haddington upon the Fridays, at One Guinea each mare, and One Shilling to the servant. He was got by Lord Grosvenor's famous horse Old Membrino, which, for three years together, won the fifteen hundred pounds sweepstakes at Newmarket; he also beat Bay Malton there, for the gold whip. The dam of young Membrino was a snap mare, her dam by Matchem, her great-great-grandam by Squirrel.

DOUGLAS & CLAVERHOUSE BLEACHFIELDS,

On Dighty Water, near Dundee—1789

ALexander Morison and Company will lay down Cloth immediately, and bleach at the following prices, viz.

All plain Linen, yard wide or under, wove in an 800 reed, and all below, at 2d.

900 and 1000, 2d. halfp.
1100, 3d.
1200 and 1300, 3d. halfp.
1400, 4d.
1500 and 1600, 4d. halfp.
1700, and all above, 5d.

Diapers, 3d.
Fine ditto, 3d halfp.
Fine Tweels, Sattins, and Damasks, 4d.
Long Lawns, 2d. halfp.
Cambrics, 4d.

All above yard-wide in proportion to the breadth.

CLOTH taken in, and receipts given, by JOHN FERRIER, *Hosier, at his Shop, South Bridge-street, Edinburgh*;

Mr Laurence Gairdner flaxdresser, and Mrs Mary Macintyre grocer, South end of the Bridge, Leith; John Thomson merchant, Kirkcaldy; Henry Inglis merchant, Bonnygate, Cupar Fife; Da. Hay weaver Shegate, St Andrew's; John Rattray merchant, Arbroath; John Kinnear merchant, Montrose; David Adam merchat, Forfar; Alex. Deuchars carrier, Kirriemuir; James Fairweather merchant Glammis; Alexander Jamieson, Newburgh, Fife; John Robertson, opposite Windmill-foot, Overgate, and John Rawet, at Alexander Morison's merchant, Welligate, Dundee; and by WILLIAM SANDEMAN at both the Bleachfields.

As Alexander Morison and Co. are determined to finish their Cloth in the best manner, and to return it with the utmost expedition, they hope to merit a share of the public favour.

GARDENSTON BLEACHFIELD, 1789.

SAMUEL READ continues to Bleach in the best manner, at the following prices, viz.

per yard.		*per yard.*
800 and under at	2 d.	Lawns at 2½ d.
900 and 1000 at	2½ d.	Long Lawns at 3 d.
1100 at	3 d.	Diapers at 3 d. and 3½ d.
1200 and 1300 at	3½ d.	Damasks and Fine Tweels at 4½ d.
1400 and 1500 at	4 d.	
1600 and all above at	4½ d.	

All above yard wide to pay in proportion.

Coarse cloth made only *half white*, and charged accordingly.

Cloth for this field is taken in, and receipts given by Messr. James Young and Robert Elder weavers, Cowgate Dundee—Alexander Paterson manufacturer, Arbroath—Adam Glegg merchant, Montrose—John Ewen merchant, Castle street, and John Mess weaver North-street, Aberdeen—Alexander Beattie merchant, Stonehaven—Robert Anderson merchant, Bervie—Archibald Davidson manufacturer Johnshaven—James Duncan and John Barty merchants, Kirriemuir—David Mann and David Webster merchants, Forfar—George Cooper merchant, Slateford—John Aultine merchant, Feltercairn—George Gordon merchant, Auchinblea—David Smith merchant, Drumlithie—Robert Smart merchant, Marykirk—John Smith merchant, and Colin Smith manufacturer, Brechin—John Shae manufacturer, Laurencekirk—and by Samuel Read at the Bleachfield.

FARM IN THE MEARNS,

By Adjournment.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of George Bean, vintner in Montrose, on Friday the 3d day of April 1789, betwixt the hours of three and five afternoon,

AN Assignation to the tenant's part of the tack and farm of MILNTON-HAVEN, LIME QUARRY, and pertinents, as lately possessed by the deceased John Gibson, situated in the parish of Ecclesgreig, and county of Kincardine, within a few miles of Montrose, and one of John's Haven.

The tack endures for fifty-seven years from Whitsunday 1789. the term proposed for the new tenant's entry. The farm contains about 94 Scots acres of excellent soil, completely drained and limed, laid out in regular fields, and partly inclosed with stone dykes, the whole being in the most improved cultivation, yielding weighty and early crops of all kinds of grain, and of the best quality. The land forms a gentle rising, having the sea on the one side, the post road from Montrose to Bervie along the march on the other, and the whole well sheltered by a strip of planting and higher ground upon the upper or north side of the road. There is upon the premisses a substantial and convenient set of farming offices, a lime quarry, with several kilns, and liberty of selling lime; also the greater part of the fishing village of Milnton, with privilege of the shells and other manure produced in that village, and to the sea ware.

Persons inclining to bargain may commune with William Gibson at Mains of Morphie, or Robert Gibson at Abbey ton, either of whom, or David Dairs at Mill of Woodston, will show the whole subjects. The lease of said farm, and articles of roup, are to be seen in the hands of Colin Alison, writer in Montrose, at any time before the sale.

A Farm and Lime Quarries to-Let.

TO be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at Michaelmas 1790,

The FARM of SKELPY, possessed by Robert Orr, including the pendicles possessed by David Maxwell and David Marshall as his subtenants, lying in the parish of Cults and shire of Fife. The above Farm, exclusive of roads and planting, contains 395 Scots acres, whereof 300 acres are arable, and part of which is of a deep dry loamy soil. It lies within three miles of Cupar, the county-town, where there are good markets for bestial and grain. There is plenty of lime-rock on the lands, part of which is presently working, and they are in the near neighbourhood of several coal heughs.

ALSO to be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at Martinmas 1790,

The LIME QUARRIES in the said lands of Skelpy, with those in the lands of Cults and Bunzian immediately adjoining, and the coal-seams in Dovan common and Teasmuir.

The lime-quarries in the above lands have been wrought to a great extent for several years past. They are well known to be of a good quality; and being situated in the heart of a populous and improving country, the tacksman may have a constant sale. Offerers for them will have in view, that the rent is to be a certain rate for each thirty-six square yards of wrought rock.

Proposals in writing for the above lands and lime quarries, may be given in to Mr Beveridge, No. 24. Prince's Street, or Robert Johnston writer in Cupar, betwixt and the 20th of May next; and such as are not accepted of will, if desired, be concealed.

A plan of the farm is to be seen in the hands of the said Robert Johnston, who will inform as to farther particulars; and the said Robert Orr will shew the farm and lime-quarries.

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Thursday the 21st day of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Mrs Anderson in Colinsburgh,

THE TACK of the Farm of BELLESTOWN, of which there is twenty-five years to run, (being the remainder of an old lease,) at Martinmas next 1789, which is to be the purchaser's entry.

This farm consists of about 283 Scots acres of excellent soil, pleasantly situated, lying in the parish of Carnbee, and shire of Fife, within three miles of Anstruther, Pittenweem, and Ely, three good sea-port towns. There is plenty of limestone of excellent quality in the lands, which the tenant has liberty to work for the improvement of the farm, and there is plenty of coal within one mile. There is also plenty of free and whin stones; and if the whole was inclosed in fields of about 20 acres, they could be watered with running water.

The present tenants will show the lands, and inform anent further particulars.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS AND HOUSES AT INVERNESS.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 17th day of June 1789, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills,

The HERITABLE SUBJECTS lying in and about the town of Inverness, which belonged to the deceased Margaret and Donald Macphersons, in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. Seventeen Acres of Land, of the field lands of Inverness, called Sandielands and Longlands, with the teinds, presently possessed, and inclosed and divided, by John Macdonald and William Sharp, per tack, ending at Whitsunday 1792. The proven rent payable by the tacksmen, besides the feu-duty, minister's stipend, and all other public burdens, (which are all payable by the tacksmen) is 27 l. Sterling, which the Lords have valued at twenty three and a half years purchase, at which the same are to be exposed, being — L. 634 10 0

LOT II. The Dwelling Houses, Shops, Cellars, and Gardens in Inverness, possessed by Messrs William Macpherson and Robert Rose, at 17l. per tack, ending at Whitsunday 1791, and by Mess. Macintoth and Inglis, at 18l. 10s. Sterling of yearly rent, per tack, ending at Whitsunday 1790, amounting, the proven rent of both the said subjects to 35l. 10s. per annum, which are proven to be worth nine years purchase, at which the same are to be exposed, being — 319 10 0

Also the House and Garden, held by a feu tack of Mr Robertson of Inches, possessed by Donald Macleod and Margaret Fraser, at 2l. 12s. 6d. deducting 10s. 6d. of feu-tack duty, is 2l. 2s. of free yearly rent, which is proven to be worth eleven years purchase at which the same is to be exposed being — 23 2 0

Total value of the subjects, — L. 977 2 0

The acres hold feu of the Magistrates and Council of Inverness for payment of 10 s. Scots for each acre of yearly feu-duty. The stipend payable to the minister of Inverness is two bolls two pecks bear, and 4l. 5s. Scots of money, both payable by the tacksmen.

The houses, shops, and cellars possessed by Mess. Macpherson and Rose, and Mess Macintosh and Inglis, are held in free burgage, and are the most centrical and best situated for business of any in Inverness; and the lands will be a most eligible purchase to those who wish to reside and carry on business at Inverness, in which manufactures and various other branches are now carrying on with great rapidity and success; and as the current leases soon expire, there is every reason to expect a very great advance of the rent upon a renewal thereof.

The articles and conditions of sale, and act of roup are to be seen in the hands of Keith Dunbar, Depute Clerk of Session, or Robert Donaldson writer to the signet.

PRINTING GROUND FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Thursday the 16th day of April next, at twelve o'clock mid day, in the house of Thomas Durie, vintner in Glasgow,

The PRINTFIELD of DALQUHURN, on the water of Leven, near Dumbarton, consisting of 20 acres or thereby, with the whole Houses and Buildings erected thereon; also complete Machinery and Utensils every way adapted for carrying on an extensive business.

And on the following day, there will be also exposed to sale by public roup, at the same place and hour, the Whole Stock of WHITE CLOTH prepared for printing, belonging to the Company, together with some dying and printing stuffs at the field.

This manufactory is delightfully situated on the banks of the Leven, and within two miles of the town of Dumbarton, from whence any number of pencillers and other work people can be procured. The premisses are completely surrounded by the river, and by a canal 18 feet wide at bottom, cut from the river, which admits water sufficient to drive two large wheels; these work three pair of wash stocks, a callender, an allum and an an indigo mill, with a machine for polishing copperplates; also two large pumps which supply the wash stocks, together with four boilers and souring caves.—The stations for cleaning the cloth, either in the course of bleaching or printing are all under cover.

The copper house is extremely convenient, and contains 8 coppers, with their furniture complete, for present use; these are supplied with water from two lead pumps within the house.

There is a most complete and convenient set of houses furnished, with all the necessary apparatus for carrying on to a considerable extent, the CHINA BLUE, and also the BLUE PASTE branches, having 15 vatts and other vessels erected for that purpose, most of which are lined with lead.

There are three copperplate shops, with 7 presses standing, (three of which are complete for immediate work) also a grounding machine, with a 2 colour copperplate press ready for putting up, having three excellent metal bowls.

The Printing shops contain 30 tables, (mostly mahogany) with the requisite furniture all complete.

The penciling shops, with tables, will hold 200 pencillers, and the different apartments are furnished with stoves.

There is a very large assortment of Copperplates, and also prints, many of which are perfectly new, executed in the best style, and adapted for furnitures, garments, handkerchiefs, and Shawls, of all sizes and colours.

A breast work is erected on the premisses, where boats can, with the greatest facility, load and unload every article necessary for the business; and there is a very pleasant and commodious dwellinghouse for the accommodation of the manager which overlooks the whole works.

In addition to the manifold advantages above enumerated, the ground will admit of further erections, and a powerful fall of water might be obtained, by making a new cut of not more than about 60 yards in length.

Inventories and conditions of sale to be seen by applying to Thomas Carnie at the field; or at the warehouse of Brown, Macalpine, and Company in Glasgow.

The progress of writings of the field, and articles of roup thereof, are to be seen in the hands of Thomas and Robert Grahame, writers in Glasgow.

Glasgow, March 2. 1789.

HOUSE AND GROUND AT LAURIESTON.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 15th day of April 1789, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE DWELLING HOUSE and Office-houses at Lauriston, which belonged to the late James Balmain Esq; having a pleasant south exposure, of easy access, and in good repair.

The house consists of a dining room, 19½ by 16½, a handsome drawing room, 25 feet by 16, parlour, six bed chambers with light closets, kitchen, scullery, servants rooms, garrets, cellars, with catacombs, and other conveniencies.

The office-houses consist of a stable with three stalls, hay loft, washing house, coal house, larder, and milk house.

There is a garden and field adjoining to the house, and an excellent pump well on the premisses.

These subjects hold of the Town of Edinburgh, for payment of one shilling Sterling yearly, and may be entered to at Whitsunday first, or sooner, as shall be agreed on.

The upset price to be 1000 l. Sterling.—The articles of roup and progress of writs are to be seen in the hands of Mr Erskine, clerk to the signet; to whom, or to Mr Pearson, Excise Office, any person wishing to make a private bargain, or to know further particulars, may apply.

WANTED,

By Order of his Grace the Duke of Richmond, Master-General, and the Honourable Board of Ordnance, to complete the Companies of Royal Military Artificers, serving at Gibraltar, viz.

GOOD STONE CUTTERS,
BRICKLAYERS,
CARPENTERS,
TAILORS.

A Bounty of Three Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Sixpence will be given to each recruit

Artificers to be subsisted at ten pence per day, and to receive an additional nine pence working pay, to be clothed annually, and allowed provisions, quarters, and tools, and to have the same advantages as other troops serving at Gibraltar, and, when disabled by age or infirmities, will be entitled to a pension from the Honourable Board of Ordnance.

No person need apply who is not of good character

For further particulars, enquire at the Engineers Office at the Castle, Edinburgh.

Edinburgh, Feb. 23. 1789. } HENRY RUDYERD, Captain of Royal Engineers, commanding in North Britain.

N. B. Captain Rudyerd continues to enlist for the Corps of Royal Military Artificers and Labourers stationed in Great Britain, and the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey.

Estates in Roxburgh and Lanarkshires. UPSET PRICE REDUCED

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 13th May next, at five o'clock afternoon,

HE Lands and Estate of ELLIESTOUN, lying in the parish of Lesliuddon, and sheriffdom of Roxburgh, the gross rent of which, exclusive of 120 acres of planting, at present is 465 l. 14 s 4 d. and after deduction of feu teind, and other public burdens, there remains of free rent, 430 l. 14 s. 4 d. But as a great part of the lands are out of lease, and the tacks of the rest either nigh expiring, or may be bought up on easy terms, the estate can be set up to one substantial tenant at the yearly rent of 500 l. that sum having been offered for a tack of a reasonable term of years; and the weedings, that are absolutely necessary to be made from the Plantations, will fully pay the public burdens.

The estate is situated in a dry sporting country, on the south side of the Tweed, thirty-nine miles distant from Edinburgh, by a good Turnpike Road, and in the vicinity of Jedburgh, Kelso, Melrose, and Selkirk, all good market owns.

It consists of about 1200 acres, all arable land, completely inclosed, and divided by thriving hedges, from 20 to 30 years old, extensive plantations of all kinds of trees, of the same age, which communicate with each other, and afford sheltered walks of several miles in length. The mantion-house and offices are in good repair, and fit for the immediate reception of a genteel family; are situated in a lawn of about 70 acres, well laid down, a kitchen garden and shrubbery at a convenient distance, several pieces of water, stocked with carp, trout, and perch, which are kept constantly full, by a number of streams, which at the same time water the fields.—The soil is good, and produces all manner of grain. In the lawn are a considerable number of old trees.

The estate holds of the Crown, and affords three freehold qualifications, being valued in the cess-books of the county at 1526 l. 5 s 1 d. The purchaser will have the benefit of a charter from the Crown, the precept of sasine of which is unexecuted, and the valuation of the different freeholds are properly subdivided.

The upset price to be 11,000 l.

In case the estate is not sold in whole, it will be exposed in the following lots.

LOT I. The Lands of ARTHURSHIEL, possessed by William Niccol, at the yearly rent of — L. 15 2 0

Also that part of the farm, possessed by Thomas Watson, called the Muir of Southfield, — 36 18 0

L. 52 0 0

The upset price of this lot to be 1200 l.

LOT II. The Lands of CHARLESFIELD, possessed by William Riddell, at the yearly rent of — L. 52 4 0

Thornielaw, possessed by Thomas Watson, exclusive of the three Parks of the Old Estate of Elliestoun, which he possesses, — 32 10 0

L. 84 14 0

The upset price of this lot to be 1900 l.

LOT III. The Lands of MAINHILL, possessed by William Dodds, at — — — L. 100 0 0

That part of Robert Bulman's possession on the east side of the road, with Loanend houses, Rent — — — 7 11 0

L. 107 11 0

The upset price of this lot to be 2300 l.

LOT IV. These parts of the Old Estate, with the Mansion House, Offices, and Gardens, consisting of the Farms of Northfield possessed by George White; Whinfield, possessed by James Hunter; the Park on the west side of the road, possessed by Robert Bulman; the Three Parks possessed by Thomas Watson, and Mr Scott's possession, the yearly rent of all which is 221l. 9s. In this lot there is at least sixty acres planted not rented, and there is besides a great quantity of valuable old timber.

The upset price of this lot to be 6200 l.

Also the Lands of LINDSAYLANDS, as set to and possessed by William Somervel and James Clark, at the yearly rent of 135 l. 12 s. lying in the parish of Biggar, and shire of Lanark. These lands consist of 292 acres of ground, all pleasantly situated on the banks of the Clyde, and in the neighbourhood of all kinds of game; they hold blench of the Crown, and stand valued in the cess-books of the county at 250 l.—The upset price 3000 l.

The progress of writs to be seen in the hands of George Martin or Thomas Smith, writers, Argyle Square, Edinburgh, who will inform as to further particulars, and to whom persons wishing to make a private bargain betwixt and this day of sale may apply.

Peremptorily to be SOLD on Wednesday the 27th of May 1789, at two o'clock afternoon, within the Tontine Tavern, Glasgow,

THE House and Parks of Bardowie, with the fishing and property of the Loch of Bardowie—The Lands of BARNELLAND and LONGLEE—Also the Lands of FLUCHTER and FLUCHTER-MILL, with the tithes, great and small, all lying contiguous in the parish of Baldernock, and shire of Stirling, about six miles distant from Glasgow, mostly inclosed and subdivided. There is plenty of coal in these lands, and a great quantity of full grown wood and plantations of young trees on the estate. The Loch abounds with fish, and covers about sixty acres of ground.

Any person wanting to purchase all or any part of these lands, by private agreement, before the day fixed for sale, will please apply to Richard Allan of Bardowie.

If any person purchase the whole, two thousand pounds of the money may remain in his hands, upon giving sufficient security.

The rent of the whole lands, exclusive of the lime and coal, which is not rented, is 249l. 1s 10d. sterl. There are two seams of lime five-fourths thick each, and the coal betwixt the two seams is also five-fourths thick; a considerable part of them can be wrought level free, and more can be easily made of them than the whole rent of the lands. If the lands are not sold altogether, they will be set up in such lots as purchasers incline,

The purchasers will have access to the possession of the Mansion house, offices, gardens, and grass, immediately after the day of sale.

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